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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/077,280	02/14/2002	Ping-Ling Fan	67,200-671	3287	
7590 09/27/2004 EXAM		INER			
TUNG & ASSOCIATES			GUADALUPE, YARITZA		
Suite 120 838 W. Long Lake Road			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Bloomfield Hills, MI 48302			2859		

DATE MAILED: 09/27/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	——\/s		
Office Action Summary		10/077,280	FAN ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Yaritza Guadalupe McCall	2859			
Period 1	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence address			
THE - Extra after - If th - If N - Fail	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ee period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reploperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tingly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed  ys will be considered timely.  the mailing date of this communicat  ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ion.		
Status						
1)[🗆	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 J	lulv 2004				
•		s action is non-final.				
3)	•		osecution as to the merits	is		
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposi	tion of Claims		,			
5)[	Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra Claim(s) is/are allowed.		·			
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-22</u> is/are rejected.					
7)[_	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.				
	tion Papers					
	The specification is objected to by the Examin					
10)[	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc					
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• , ,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(4)		
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	-, ,	·	• •		
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
а	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document  2. Certified copies of the priority document  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea	its have been received. Its have been received in Applicatority documents have been received in Applicatority documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
* Attachme	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	t of the certified copies not receive	ed.			
1) 🔲 Noti	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary				
3) 🔲 Info	ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 er No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D  5) Notice of Informal I  6) Other:	late Patent Application (PTO-152)	,		

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

In response to Amendment filed July 12, 2004

#### **Drawings**

1. The drawings were received on July 12, 2004. These drawings are acceptable.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1 5, 7 15 and 17 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (b) as being anticipated by Admitted Prior Art [Hereinafter APA].

APA discloses an apparatus comprising a gauge (92) for measuring a gap between said baffle and the chamber wall (See Figure 4 and page 13, lines 1 - 5 of the Specification) in order to level said electrostatic chuck, which can be also translated into prevention of peeling or damaging said chamber wall. APA discloses an apparatus for use in various semiconductor fabrication operation, .e.g., wet cleaning semiconductor operation. APA further discloses the use

of dual rotate magnets (DRM) (See Figure 4, #10 and 11), a focus ring (20), and said electrostatic chuck having a horizontal or vertical movement.

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With respect to claim 4: APA discloses a gap gauge (92) and leveling mechanism (98) which sets forth a horizontal gap gauge. The gap gauge (92) protrudes from the chamber wall by a thickness which will be the threshold gap needed between the baffle plate and the chamber wall to avoid contact. Also, the leveling mechanism (98) serves as a horizontal gauge because its orientation has an indentation that serves as the leveling portion.

With respect to the preamble of the claim: the preamble of the claim does not provide enough patentable weight because it has been held that a preamble is denied the effect of a limitation where the claim is drawn to a structure and the portion of the claim following the preamble is a self – contained description of the structure not depending for completeness upon the introductory clause. Kropa v. Robie, 88 USPQ 478 (CCPA 1951). Furthermore, it has been held that a recitation with respect to the manner in which a claimed apparatus is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from a prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. In re Schreiber, 44 USPQ2d 1429 (Fed. Cir. 1997).

Regarding claims 11 - 15: The method comprising the steps of moving an electrostatic chuck and measuring a gap between the baffle plate and the chamber wall by using a gauge integrated with the system, said process being a wet cleaning semiconductor operation, said gauge also being adapted use in leveling said ESC and being a horizontal gap gauge capable of

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being use for preventing polymer peeling of the chamber wall as stated in claims 11 - 15 will be met during the regular operation of the apparatus and system disclosed by APA.

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4. Claims 6 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over APA in view of Hunter (US 6,468,816).

APA discloses an apparatus as stated in paragraph 3 above.

APA does not discloses a leveling gauge as stated in claims 6 and 16.

Hunter discloses a processing system having a processing chamber (12) having a bubble level (26) for determining the inclination of the blade (18) in order to avoid misalignment during a process. Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add a bubble level / leveling gauge as taught by Hunter in the apparatus disclosed by APA in order to correct from damages due to expansion / shrinkage on the surface to be leveled that may result in malfunction of the process overtime.

With respect to the method as stated in claim 16: The method as stated in claim 16 including the step of providing a leveling gauge can be met by the regular operation of the apparatus and system disclosed by APA.

## Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 - 22 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Applicant arguments regarding the leveling mechanism are not persuasive. Applicant states that the leveling portion (74) forms part of the leveling mechanism or gauge (78), which is a horizontal gauge, so the measurement can take place horizontally, and therefore because the leveling mechanism or gauge (78) can function in a horizontal manner, the gap between the baffle plate and the chamber walls can be properly measured. However, claim 1 only requires a gauge apparatus having an ESC (34) that moves from a first to a second position and a gauge. It has been clearly indicated that APA (See Figure 4) discloses the requirements of the claim, showing an ESC (34) and a gauge (92, 98). After reviewing applicant arguments, it is noted that Applicant is using broad terms to argue specifics that are not even present in the claims. For example, Applicant argues that APA fails to teach the leveling mechanism (78), which prevents the baffle plate (16) from scratching the chamber apparatus during movement of the ESC (34) in the vertical direction, and that this leveling mechanism, which permits accurate measurement of the gap between the baffle plate (16) and the chamber wall, is the point of Applicant invention since it is the structure that measures the horizontal gap. However, nowhere in independent claim 1 or subsequent claims 2-5, the leveling mechanism is mentioned. If in fact the leveling mechanism is Applicant's invention, the claim language shows otherwise.

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Applicant merely claims the leveling mechanism to be more efficient by accurately measuring the gap. The fact that the claims refer to a gauge apparatus for use in a semiconductor fabrication system comprising an electrostatic chuck movable from a first to a second position and a gauge for measuring a gap between a baffle plate and a chamber wall, and preventing damage to said chamber wall by said baffle plate during a movement of said electrostatic chunk during a semiconductor fabrication operation of said semiconductor fabrication system, wherein said gauge is located proximate to said electrostatic chuck at said second position of said electrostatic chuck, as argued by Applicant, does not patentably distinguish the cited Prior Art from the structure claimed by Applicant and only provides a recitation of the intended use since only states the function and location of the gauge which is considered only a matter of the performance to which is intended to be used for and since APA clearly discloses each of the structural limitations including an ESC and a gauge considered to measure the horizontal gap as stated in paragraph 2 above.

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#### Conclusion

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Yaritza Guadalupe McCall whose telephone number is (571)272 -2244. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM - 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diego F.F. Gutierrez can be reached on (571) 272-2245. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Yaritza Guadalupe Patent Examiner Art Unit 2859 September 21, 2004 DIEGO F.F. GUTIERREZ SUPERVISOR PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800